Antiviral Agents, Including Antibody Products

Last Updated: February 29, 2024

Remdesivir and ritonavir-boosted nirmatrelvir (Paxlovid) are approved by the Food and Drug Administration for the treatment of COVID-19.

Molnupiravir and high-titer COVID-19 convalescent plasma (CCP) are available only under Food and Drug Administration Emergency Use Authorizations for the treatment of COVID-19.

Summary Recommendations

Recommendations for Treating Nonhospitalized Adults

- The COVID-19 Treatment Guidelines Panel (the Panel) recommends the following anti-SARS-CoV-2 therapies as preferred treatments for COVID-19. These drugs are listed in order of preference:
 - Ritonavir-boosted nirmatrelvir (Paxlovid) (Alla)
 - Remdesivir (Blla)
- The Panel recommends **molnupiravir** as an alternative therapy when neither of the preferred therapies are available, feasible to use, or clinically appropriate **(Clia)**.
- For more information on using these agents in nonhospitalized adults, see Therapeutic Management of Nonhospitalized Adults With COVID-19.

Recommendations for Treating Nonhospitalized Children

• For recommendations on using antiviral therapy in nonhospitalized children, see <u>Therapeutic Management of Nonhospitalized Children With COVID-19.</u>

Recommendations for Treating Hospitalized Adults or Children

See <u>Therapeutic Management of Hospitalized Adults With COVID-19</u> and <u>Therapeutic Management of Hospitalized Children With COVID-19</u> for recommendations on using remdesivir with or without immunomodulators in certain hospitalized patients.

Antiviral Treatments With Insufficient Evidence

- There is insufficient evidence for the Panel to recommend either for or against the use of high-titer CCP for the treatment of COVID-19 in hospitalized or nonhospitalized patients who are immunocompromised.
 - Some people who are immunocompromised have prolonged, symptomatic COVID-19 with evidence of ongoing SARS-CoV-2 replication. For the Panel's recommendations for managing these patients, see <u>Special Considerations in</u> <u>People Who Are Immunocompromised</u>.
- There is insufficient evidence for the Panel to recommend either for or against the use of high-titer CCP for the treatment of COVID-19 in nonhospitalized patients who are immunocompetent.

Antiviral Treatments That the Panel Recommends Against

- The Panel **recommends against** the use of the following drugs for the treatment of COVID-19, except in a clinical trial:
 - Interferon alfa or beta in nonhospitalized patients (Alla)
 - Systemic interferon alfa in hospitalized patients (Alla)
 - Nitazoxanide (Blla)
- The Panel **recommends against** the use of the following drugs for the treatment of COVID-19:
 - Anti-SARS-CoV-2 monoclonal antibodies (AIII)
 - Chloroquine or hydroxychloroquine and/or azithromycin in hospitalized patients (AI) and nonhospitalized patients (AIIa)
 - CCP in hospitalized patients who are immunocompetent (Blla)
 - Lopinavir/ritonavir and other HIV protease inhibitors in hospitalized patients (AII) and nonhospitalized patients (AIII)
 - Interferon beta in hospitalized patients (AI)

Summary Recommendations, continued

Each recommendation in the Guidelines receives a rating for the strength of the recommendation (A, B, or C) and a rating for the evidence that supports it (I, IIa, IIb, or III). See <u>Guidelines Development</u> for more information.